

2. Operaciones con derivadas

2.1. Calcula la derivada de las siguientes funciones:

$$1. \ f(x) = 2x^2$$

$$5. \ f(x) = -2x^4$$

$$9. \ f(x) = -\frac{5}{6}x^4$$

$$13. \ f(x) = \frac{2}{x}$$

$$2. \ f(x) = -5x^2$$

$$6. \ f(x) = -4x^5$$

$$10. \ f(x) = \frac{5}{4}x^8$$

$$14. \ f(x) = -\frac{5}{x^3}$$

$$3. \ f(x) = 3x^3$$

$$7. \ f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^6$$

$$11. \ f(x) = -\frac{3}{2}x^6$$

$$15. \ f(x) = \frac{3}{4x^4}$$

$$4. \ f(x) = 3x^4$$

$$8. \ f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^3$$

$$12. \ f(x) = -\frac{3x^5}{5}$$

$$16. \ f(x) = -\frac{2}{5x^2}$$

2.2. Hallar la derivada simplificada de las siguientes funciones, pasándolas previamente a forma de potencia:

$$1. \ f(x) = 2\sqrt{x}$$

$$5. \ f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$9. \ f(x) = x^2 \cdot \sqrt{x}$$

$$13. \ f(x) = \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$2. \ f(x) = 3\sqrt{5x}$$

$$6. \ f(x) = \sqrt[4]{x^3}$$

$$10. \ f(x) = x \cdot \sqrt[4]{x^3}$$

$$14. \ f(x) = -\frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$$

$$3. \ f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}$$

$$7. \ f(x) = \sqrt[5]{2x^2}$$

$$11. \ f(x) = \frac{4}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$15. \ f(x) = -\frac{3x}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$4. \ f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{3x}}{5}$$

$$8. \ f(x) = \sqrt[3]{3x^2}$$

$$12. \ f(x) = \frac{3}{2\sqrt[5]{x^2}}$$

$$16. \ f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$$

2.3. Calcula la derivada de las siguientes funciones polinómicas:

$$1. \ f(x) = 3x^3 - 2x$$

$$4. \ f(x) = x^4 + 3x^2 + 6$$

$$7. \ f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^3 - \frac{1}{4}x^2 + \frac{5}{2}x + 3$$

$$10. \ f(x) = 3x^3 + 2x^{-2} - 3x^{-1} + 5$$

$$13. \ f(x) = \frac{x^4}{2} - \frac{x^2}{4} - x$$

$$2. \ f(x) = x^4 + 2x^2 + 12$$

$$5. \ f(x) = 6x^3 - x^2 + 3$$

$$8. \ f(x) = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{3}x + x^2 - 3x^3$$

$$11. \ f(x) = 1 + \frac{2}{x} - \frac{3}{x^2}$$

$$14. \ f(x) = \frac{5x^3}{3} - \frac{x}{2} - 1$$

$$3. \ f(x) = 3x^4 - 2x^2 + 5$$

$$6. \ f(x) = 3x^3 - 2x^2 + 6$$

$$9. \ f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^2 + \frac{4}{5}x - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$12. \ f(x) = \frac{4}{x} - \frac{7}{x^4} + 5$$

$$15. \ f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x^6 - \frac{3}{2}x^3 + 3x^2 - 2x$$

2.4. Calcula la derivada de las siguientes funciones:

$$1. \ f(x) = x^2 + \sqrt{x^3}$$

$$4. \ f(x) = \frac{x^2}{3} + 3x - \frac{2}{x^4}$$

$$7. \ f(x) = 2\sqrt{x} + \sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$10. \ f(x) = \sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$13. \ f(x) = \frac{5\sqrt{x} - 3x^2}{2}$$

$$2. \ f(x) = 3x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3$$

$$5. \ f(x) = x^{-2} - \frac{4}{x^2} + \frac{2}{x^4}$$

$$8. \ f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$$

$$11. \ f(x) = x^3 - 2\sqrt{x} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$14. \ f(x) = 3x^3 + \frac{2}{3}x^2 - x + 3\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$3. \ f(x) = 3x^{-\frac{1}{4}} - 5x^{-\frac{3}{5}}$$

$$6. \ f(x) = \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{3x^2}{2} - 2 - \frac{3}{x} + \frac{6}{x^3}$$

$$9. \ f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$$

$$12. \ f(x) = \frac{-1}{\sqrt[5]{x^3}} - \frac{2}{x^2} + \frac{5}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$15. \ f(x) = x\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{3}{x^3\sqrt{x^2}}$$

2.5. Calcula la derivada de los siguientes productos:

$$\begin{array}{l} 1. \quad f(x) = (2x^2 + 1)(x^3 + 6) \\ 4. \quad f(x) = (3x - 4) \cdot (2x + 1) \\ 7. \quad f(x) = (x - 4) \cdot (x^2 + 3) \\ 10. \quad f(x) = (x + 2)^2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2. \quad f(x) = (2x - 1)(x^2 + 1) \\ 5. \quad f(x) = (4 - x) \cdot (2 - 3x) \\ 8. \quad f(x) = (x^2 - 4) \cdot (x^4 + 3) \\ 11. \quad f(x) = (3x - 5)^2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3. \quad f(x) = (3x + 2)(4x + 5) \\ 6. \quad f(x) = (5x + 4) \cdot (2 - 6x) \\ 9. \quad f(x) = 3(3x^2 + 1) \cdot (4 - x) \\ 12. \quad f(x) = (4 - 3x)^3 \end{array}$$

2.6. Calcula la derivada de las siguientes funciones racionales:

$$\begin{array}{l} 1. \quad f(x) = \frac{3x}{3x+1} \\ 4. \quad f(x) = \frac{2x^4}{1-x^2} \\ 7. \quad f(x) = \frac{2x+1}{5x-1} \\ 10. \quad f(x) = \frac{3x^3}{2+4x^2} \\ 13. \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2-2x+4}{x^2+2x+4} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2. \quad f(x) = \frac{1-2x}{2-x} \\ 5. \quad f(x) = \frac{-3}{x^4+2x} \\ 8. \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2}{5x+2} \\ 11. \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2+1}{x^2-x+2} \\ 14. \quad f(x) = \frac{2-3x^2}{2x+1} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3. \quad f(x) = \frac{3x+4}{5x-3} \\ 6. \quad f(x) = \frac{4}{3x^2+1} \\ 9. \quad f(x) = \frac{x^4+4}{x^4-4} \\ 12. \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2+5x}{x-5} \\ 15. \quad f(x) = \frac{(x+2)(x-2)}{x(x-1)} \end{array}$$

2.7. Calcula la derivada de las siguientes funciones irracionales:

$$\begin{array}{l} 1. \quad f(x) = x - \sqrt{x} \\ 4. \quad f(x) = x^2 \cdot (1 + \sqrt{x}) \\ 7. \quad f(x) = (x - 1) \cdot \sqrt[3]{x+1} \\ 10. \quad f(x) = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{x^2+2} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2. \quad f(x) = \sqrt{2x} + \sqrt[3]{x} \\ 5. \quad f(x) = x^2 \cdot \sqrt{7-2x} \\ 8. \quad f(x) = (x-1)^2 \cdot \sqrt[3]{x^2-1} \\ 11. \quad f(x) = \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{x^3}} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3. \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}+1} \\ 6. \quad f(x) = (x+2) \cdot \sqrt{x^3+4x} \\ 9. \quad f(x) = \frac{x+2}{\sqrt{x^2+4}} \\ 12. \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2+1}{2\sqrt{x}} \end{array}$$

2.8. Calcula la derivada de las siguientes funciones:

$$\begin{array}{l} 1. \quad f(x) = \sqrt{x} \cdot (x+2) \cdot (x-1) \\ 4. \quad f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2+6x}}{x} \\ 7. \quad f(x) = \frac{1-\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{x}} \\ 10. \quad f(x) = \frac{3x}{x-1} + \frac{2x}{x^2-1} \\ 13. \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{(1-x)^2} \\ 16. \quad f(x) = 3\sqrt{x^2-3} \\ 19. \quad f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1-x}} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2. \quad f(x) = \sqrt{1+3x} \cdot \sqrt[3]{1+2x} \\ 5. \quad f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1-x} \\ 8. \quad f(x) = \frac{1-\sqrt{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}} \\ 11. \quad f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} \\ 14. \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2}{(2x-1)^2} \\ 17. \quad f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x^2+x+1} \\ 20. \quad f(x) = \frac{1-x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3. \quad f(x) = (2\sqrt{x}-1) \cdot (3-4\sqrt{x}) \\ 6. \quad f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}} \\ 9. \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2}{2-\sqrt{x}} \\ 12. \quad f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{3x+2}{3x-2}} \\ 15. \quad f(x) = \frac{2x^2-4x}{(x-1)^2} \\ 18. \quad f(x) = (x-\sqrt{1-x^2})^2 \\ 21. \quad f(x) = x \cdot \sqrt{x^2+2} \end{array}$$

2.9. Calcula la derivada de las siguientes funciones exponenciales:

$$1. \ f(x) = e^{3x}$$

$$4. \ f(x) = e^{x^2}$$

$$7. \ f(x) = x^2 \cdot e^x$$

$$10. \ f(x) = e^x + x^2$$

$$13. \ f(x) = \frac{e^{4x}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$16. \ f(x) = (5x^2 + x) \cdot e^{x+1}$$

$$19. \ f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 1}{e^x}$$

$$22. \ f(x) = \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$2. \ f(x) = e^{1-x}$$

$$5. \ f(x) = 2^x$$

$$8. \ f(x) = (x^2 - x + 1)e^x$$

$$11. \ f(x) = (3x - 2)e^{2x}$$

$$14. \ f(x) = \frac{e^x}{x}$$

$$17. \ f(x) = e^{3x^2 - 2x + 1}$$

$$20. \ f(x) = \frac{e^x + 1}{x}$$

$$23. \ f(x) = \frac{e^x + 2}{e^x - 2}$$

$$3. \ f(x) = e^{3+2x}$$

$$6. \ f(x) = x \cdot 2^x$$

$$9. \ f(x) = \sqrt{x} \cdot e^{\frac{x}{2}}$$

$$12. \ f(x) = \frac{2^x}{x}$$

$$15. \ f(x) = \frac{1}{e^x}$$

$$18. \ f(x) = -2e^{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$21. \ f(x) = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$$

$$24. \ f(x) = \frac{x + e^x}{x - e^x}$$

2.10. Calcula la derivada de las siguientes funciones logarítmicas:

$$1. \ f(x) = \ln(2x - 1)$$

$$4. \ f(x) = \ln(x^4 - 3x - 1)$$

$$7. \ f(x) = \log_3 x$$

$$10. \ f(x) = (x + 1) \cdot \ln x$$

$$13. \ f(x) = \frac{x}{\ln x}$$

$$16. \ f(x) = \frac{\ln(2x+1)}{x^2}$$

$$2. \ f(x) = \ln(2 - x)$$

$$5. \ f(x) = \ln \sqrt{1+x^2}$$

$$8. \ f(x) = \ln x^3$$

$$11. \ f(x) = x \cdot \ln(1 - x^2)$$

$$14. \ f(x) = \frac{\ln x}{x}$$

$$17. \ f(x) = \frac{1 + \ln x}{x}$$

$$3. \ f(x) = \ln(x^2 - 1)$$

$$6. \ f(x) = \ln \sqrt{x(1-x)}$$

$$9. \ f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$12. \ f(x) = x^2 \cdot \ln(2 - x)$$

$$15. \ f(x) = \frac{\ln x}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$18. \ f(x) = \frac{\ln x}{1+x^2}$$

2.11. Calcula la derivada de las siguientes funciones trigonométricas:

$$1. \ f(x) = \sen(5x^2 + 2x)$$

$$4. \ f(x) = \tg(2x^2 + 1)$$

$$7. \ f(x) = \sen^2 x$$

$$10. \ f(x) = \sen x \cdot \cos x$$

$$13. \ f(x) = x \cdot \sen x$$

$$16. \ f(x) = \ctg x$$

$$19. \ f(x) = \cos x \cdot (1 - \cos x)$$

$$22. \ f(x) = \ln \cos x$$

$$2. \ f(x) = \cos(x^2 + 2)$$

$$5. \ f(x) = \sen(3x^3 - 2x + 1)$$

$$8. \ f(x) = \cos^2 x$$

$$11. \ f(x) = \sen x^2 + \cos 2x$$

$$14. \ f(x) = x^2 \cdot \cos x$$

$$17. \ f(x) = \sec x$$

$$20. \ f(x) = \sen x + \tg x$$

$$23. \ f(x) = \ln \sen x$$

$$3. \ f(x) = \cos(x^4)$$

$$6. \ f(x) = \tg \sqrt{x}$$

$$9. \ f(x) = \tg^2 x$$

$$12. \ f(x) = \sen \sqrt{x+1}$$

$$15. \ f(x) = x \cdot \tg x$$

$$18. \ f(x) = \cosec x$$

$$21. \ f(x) = \sen^2 x + \cos^2 x$$

$$24. \ f(x) = \ln \tg x$$

2.12. Calcula la derivada de las siguientes funciones:

$$1. \ f(x) = \frac{1}{2}e^{1+x^2}$$

$$4. \ f(x) = \ln(x^2 + x)$$

$$7. \ f(x) = \ln \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1-x}}$$

$$10. \ f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + 2\ln x - \frac{\ln x}{x}$$

$$13. \ f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{1-\cos x}$$

$$16. \ f(x) = \frac{1+\tan x}{1-\tan x}$$

$$19. \ f(x) = \frac{1-\cos x}{\sin^2 x}$$

$$22. \ f(x) = \ln \sqrt{\frac{1+\sin x}{1-\sin x}}$$

$$2. \ f(x) = 3^{2x-3}$$

$$5. \ f(x) = \ln(\sqrt{x^2+1} - x)$$

$$8. \ f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2}\right)$$

$$11. \ f(x) = \ln \sqrt[3]{1+x^2}$$

$$14. \ f(x) = \sin^2 x - \cos^2 x$$

$$17. \ f(x) = \frac{1-\cos x}{1+\cos x}$$

$$20. \ f(x) = \left(\frac{1+\sin x}{\cos x}\right)^2$$

$$23. \ f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{1+\cos x}{\sin x}\right)$$

$$3. \ f(x) = \frac{a}{2}(e^{x/a} - e^{-x/a})$$

$$6. \ f(x) = 2\sqrt{x} - 2\ln(2+\sqrt{x})$$

$$9. \ f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{e^x}{1+e^x}\right)$$

$$12. \ f(x) = 3x + \ln e^{2x+1}$$

$$15. \ f(x) = \cos^2 x + \sin x$$

$$18. \ f(x) = \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\sin x + \cos x}$$

$$21. \ f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{1+\tan^2 x}$$

$$24. \ f(x) = \frac{\tan^2 x}{2} + \ln(\cos x)$$

2.13. Calcular la derivada de las siguientes funciones trigonométricas inversas:

$$1. \ f(x) = \arccos(x^2)$$

$$4. \ f(x) = \arccos(3x^2 + 4x)$$

$$7. \ f(x) = \arccos\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right)$$

$$10. \ f(x) = \arcsen(\sqrt{1-x^2})$$

$$2. \ f(x) = \arcsen(5x^2)$$

$$5. \ f(x) = \arcsen\left(\frac{x^2-1}{x^2}\right)$$

$$8. \ f(x) = \arctg\left(\frac{x+1}{1-x}\right)$$

$$11. \ f(x) = \arctg\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)$$

$$3. \ f(x) = \arctg(4x^3)$$

$$6. \ f(x) = \arcsen(\tan x)$$

$$9. \ f(x) = \arctg\left(\frac{1+\sin x}{\cos x}\right)$$

$$12. \ f(x) = \arctg(x + \sqrt{1+x^2})$$

2.14. Hallar las derivadas **simplificadas** de las siguientes funciones:

$$1. \ y = \frac{4x-x^2}{(1-2x)^4}$$

$$4. \ y = \sqrt[5]{(2x^2+1)^2}$$

$$7. \ y = e^x \cdot \cos x$$

$$10. \ y = \ln(\ln x)$$

$$13. \ y = \tan x - \cot x$$

$$16. \ y = \ln \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}}$$

$$2. \ y = \left(\frac{x^2+1}{x}\right)^2$$

$$5. \ y = \sqrt{4x^4 - 2x^2}$$

$$8. \ y = e^x \cdot \sin x$$

$$11. \ y = \cos\left(\frac{2x}{x+1}\right)$$

$$14. \ y = \frac{1+2\sin x}{1-2\sin x}$$

$$17. \ y = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2-1})$$

$$3. \ y = \frac{x}{x-1} + \frac{3x}{x+3}$$

$$6. \ y = \ln \frac{x^2+1}{4x}$$

$$9. \ y = (x - e^x)^4$$

$$12. \ y = \frac{1}{\tan x}$$

$$15. \ y = \ln \sqrt{\frac{1+\cos x}{1-\cos x}}$$

$$18. \ y = \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}-x}{\sqrt{x^2+1}+x}\right)$$