

EJERCICIOS DE DERIVADAS

| <u>FUNCIÓN</u> | <u>DERIVADA</u> |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1.- $y=3$ | $y'=0$ |
| 2.- $y=x+5$ | $y'=1$ |
| 3.- $y=x^7$ | $y'=7x^6$ |
| 4.- $y=x^6-x^3$ | $y'=6x^5-3x^2$ |
| 5.- $y=2x^4$ | $y'=8x^3$ |
| 6.- $y=ax+b$ | $y'=a$ |
| 7.- $y=5x-2$ | $y'=5$ |
| 8.- $y=a^5$ | $y'=0$ |
| 9.- $y=ax^2+bx+c$ | $y'=2ax+b$ |
| 10.- $y=x(x-1)$ | $y'=2x-1$ |
| 11.- $y=(x+1)(x-1)$ | $y'=2x$ |
| 12.- $y=ax^3+bx^2+cx+d$ | $y'=3ax^2+2bx+c$ |
| 13.- $y=x^3-x^2+4x-5$ | $y'=3x^2-2x+4$ |
| 14.- $y=x^4-4x^3+5x^2$ | $y'=4x^3-12x^2+10x$ |
| 15.- $y=2x^3+3x^2-6x+5$ | $y'=6x^2+6x-6$ |
| 16.- $y=(x+1)(x^2-x+3)$ | $y'=3x^2+2$ |
| 17.- $y=x(x-1)^2$ | $y'=3x^2-4x+1$ |
| 18.- $y=a(x-1)^2$ | $y'=2a(x-1)$ |
| 19.- $y=a(a-1)^2$ | $y'=0$ |
| 20.- $y=x^{-2}$ | $y'=\frac{-2}{x^3}$ |
| 21.- $y=\frac{1}{x+1}$ | $y'=\frac{-1}{(x+1)^2}$ |
| 22.- $y=\frac{x^2-3}{x^3+x}$ | $y'=\frac{-x^4+10x^2+3}{(x^3+x)^2}$ |
| 23.- $y=\frac{x+1}{x}$ | $y'=\frac{-1}{x^2}$ |
| 24.- $y=\frac{x(x+1)(x-1)}{3x^2-3}$ | $y'=\frac{3x^4-6x^2+3}{(3x^2-3)^2}$ |
| 25.- $y=\frac{x(x+2)^2}{x^2+4x+4}$ | $y'=1$ |
| 26.- $y=\sqrt{3x-2}$ | $y'=\frac{3}{2\sqrt{3x-2}}$ |

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| 27.- | $y = \sqrt{2x-1}$ | $y' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x-1}}$ |
| 28.- | $y = \sqrt{x^2+1}$ | $y' = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+1}}$ |
| 29.- | $y = \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}}$ | $y' = \frac{-1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}}}$ |
| 30.- | $y = \frac{1-x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$ | $y' = \frac{1}{(-1-x)\sqrt{1-x^2}}$ |
| 31.- | $y = e^{4x}$ | $y' = 4e^{4x}$ |
| 32.- | $y = 5^{2x}$ | $y' = 2 \cdot 5^{2x} \cdot \ln 5$ |
| 33.- | $y = e^{3-x^2}$ | $y' = -2xe^{3-x^2}$ |
| 34.- | $y = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$ | $y' = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$ |
| 35.- | $y = x^3 \cdot 2^x \cdot e^x$ | $y' = x^2 \cdot 2^x \cdot e^x (3 + x \ln 2 + x)$ |
| 36.- | $y = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$ | $y' = \frac{4}{(e^x + e^{-x})^2}$ |
| 37.- | $y = a^{x^2+x+1}$ | $y' = (2x+1) \cdot a^{x^2+x+1} \cdot \ln a$ |
| 38.- | $y = \ln(x^2+1)$ | $y' = \frac{2x}{x^2+1}$ |
| 39.- | $y = \ln(ax^2+bx+c)$ | $y' = \frac{2ax+b}{ax^2+bx+c}$ |
| 40.- | $y = \ln^5 3x$ | $y' = \frac{5 \ln^4 3x}{x}$ |
| 41.- | $y = x^5 \ln x$ | $y' = x^4 (5 \ln x + 1)$ |
| 42.- | $y = x^2 \ln(2-x)$ | $y' = x \left(2 \ln(2-x) - \frac{x}{2-x} \right)$ |
| 43.- | $y = \frac{\ln x}{x}$ | $y' = \frac{1 - \ln x}{x^2}$ |
| 44.- | $y = \lg_3(1+x^2)$ | $y' = \frac{2x}{1+x^2} \log_3 e$ |
| 45.- | $y = \ln(x-5)$ | $y' = \frac{1}{x-5}$ |
| 46.- | $y = \lg_a(3x^2+5)$ | $y' = \frac{6x}{3x^2+5} \lg_a e$ |
| 47.- | $y = x \cdot \ln x - x$ | $y' = \ln x$ |
| 48.- | $y = \ln \sqrt{1+x^2}$ | $y' = \frac{x}{1+x^2}$ |

$$49.- y = \ln \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} \quad y' = \frac{-1}{1-x^2}$$

$$50.- y = \ln \frac{x^2+1}{x^2-1} \quad y' = \frac{-4x}{x^4-1}$$

$$51.- y = \operatorname{sen} 2x \quad y' = 2 \cos x$$

$$52.- y = \cos(2x+1) \quad y' = -2 \operatorname{sen}(2x+1)$$

$$53.- y = \operatorname{tg}(x^2+x+1) \quad y' = (2x+1) \sec^2(x^2+x+1)$$

$$54.- y = \operatorname{tg} \sqrt{x} \quad y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \sec^2 \sqrt{x}$$

$$55.- y = \sec(3x^2+4x-1) \quad y' = (6x+4) \sec(3x^2+4x-1) \operatorname{tg}(3x^2+4x-1)$$

$$56.- y = \operatorname{cosec} \frac{x}{a} \quad y' = \frac{-1}{a} \operatorname{cosec} \frac{x}{a} \operatorname{ctg} \frac{x}{a}$$

$$57.- y = \sqrt{\operatorname{sen} 3x} \quad y' = \frac{3 \cos 3x}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{sen} 3x}}$$

$$58.- y = \operatorname{sen}^{2/3} x \quad y' = \frac{2}{3} \operatorname{sen}^{-1/3} x \cdot \cos x = \frac{2 \cos x}{3\sqrt[3]{\operatorname{sen} x}}$$

$$59.- y = x \cos x \quad y' = \cos x - x \operatorname{sen} x$$

$$60.- y = \ln \operatorname{sen} x \quad y' = \operatorname{ctg} x$$

$$61.- y = \operatorname{sen} x \cdot \cos 2x \quad y' = \cos x \cdot \cos 2x - 2 \operatorname{sen} x \cdot \operatorname{sen} 2x$$

$$62.- y = e^x \operatorname{tg} x \quad y' = e^x (\operatorname{tg} x + \sec^2 x) = e^x (\operatorname{tg}^2 x + \operatorname{tg} x + 1)$$

$$63.- y = \operatorname{arcsen} 2x \quad y' = \frac{2}{\sqrt{1-4x^2}}$$

$$64.- y = \operatorname{arcsen} \sqrt{x} \quad y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x-x^2}}$$

$$65.- y = \arccos(x^2+1) \quad y' = \frac{-2x}{\sqrt{1-(x^2+1)^2}}$$

$$66.- y = \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{tg}^3 x - \operatorname{tg} x + x \quad y' = \operatorname{tg}^2 x \cdot \sec^2 x - \sec^2 x + 1$$

$$67.- y = \operatorname{arctg} \frac{1+x}{1-x} \quad y' = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

$$68.- y = \left(\frac{1-\operatorname{sen} x}{1+\operatorname{sen} x} \right)^2 \quad y' = \frac{-4(1-\operatorname{sen} x) \cos x}{(1+\operatorname{sen} x)^3}$$

$$69.- y = \ln \operatorname{tg} x \quad y' = \frac{1}{\operatorname{sen} x \cos x}$$

$$70.- y = \ln \sqrt{\frac{1+\cos x}{1-\cos x}} \quad y' = -\operatorname{cosec} x$$

$$71.- y = \ln \sqrt{\operatorname{sen} x} \quad y' = \operatorname{ctg} 2x$$

$$72.- \quad y = \operatorname{arcsec} x^2 \qquad y' = \frac{2}{x\sqrt{x^4-1}}$$

$$73.- \quad y = \operatorname{arctg}(2x+1) \qquad y' = \frac{-2}{(2x+1)^2+1}$$

$$74.- \quad y = \operatorname{sen}(\operatorname{sen} 2x) \qquad y' = 2 \cos 2x \cdot \cos(\operatorname{sen} 2x)$$

$$75.- \quad y = \operatorname{sen}(\ln(3x+5)) \qquad y' = \frac{3}{3x+5} \cos(\ln(3x+5))$$

$$76.- \quad y = \operatorname{arcsen}(\cos x - x) \qquad y' = \frac{-\operatorname{sen} x - 1}{\sqrt{1-(\cos x - x)^2}}$$

$$77.- \quad y = \ln(x + \ln x) \qquad y' = \frac{x+1}{x^2+x \ln x}$$

$$78.- \quad y = \operatorname{arcsen}\left(\frac{1}{1+x^2}\right) \qquad y' = \frac{-2}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{x^2+2}}$$

$$79.- \quad y = \lg\left(\frac{\lg x}{x}\right) \qquad y' = \frac{\log e - \log x}{x \log x} \log e$$

$$80.- \quad y = \ln^{1/2} \operatorname{sen} 2x \qquad y' = \frac{\operatorname{ctg} 2x}{\sqrt{\ln \operatorname{sen} 2x}}$$

$$81.- \quad y = x^2 \cos 3x \qquad y' = 2x \cos 3x - 3x^2 \operatorname{sen} 3x$$

$$82.- \quad y = x^{x+1} \qquad y' = \left[\ln x + \frac{x+1}{x} \right] x^{x+1}$$

$$83.- \quad y = \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x \qquad y' = \left[\ln \frac{x+1}{x} - \frac{1}{x-1} \right] \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x$$

$$84.- \quad y = (x^5)^{x^2+1} \qquad y' = \left[10x \ln x + \frac{5x^2+5}{x} \right] (x^5)^{x^2+1}$$

$$85.- \quad y = x^{e^x} \qquad y' = \left[e^x \ln x + \frac{e^x}{x} \right] x^{e^x}$$

$$86.- \quad y = (3x+1)^{2x+3} \qquad y' = \left[2 \ln(3x+1) + \frac{6x+9}{3x+1} \right] (3x+1)^{2x+3}$$

$$87.- \quad y = (\operatorname{sen} x)^x \qquad y' = [\ln(\operatorname{sen} x) + x \operatorname{ctg} x] (\operatorname{sen} x)^x$$

$$88.- \quad y = x^{\operatorname{sen}(2x-9)} \qquad y' = \left[2 \cos(2x-9) \ln x + \frac{\operatorname{sen}(2x-9)}{x} \right] x^{\operatorname{sen}(2x-9)}$$

$$89.- \quad y = (\operatorname{sen} x)^{\cos x} \qquad y' = [-\operatorname{sen} x \ln(\operatorname{sen} x) + \cos x \operatorname{ctg} x] (\operatorname{sen} x)^{\cos x}$$

$$90.- \quad y = (\ln x)^{\ln x} \qquad y' = \frac{1}{x} [\ln(\ln x) + 1] (\ln x)^{\ln x}$$

$$91.- \quad y = (x^2-1)^{\operatorname{sen} x} \qquad y' = \left[\cos x \ln(x^2-1) + \frac{2x \operatorname{sen} x}{x^2-1} \right] (x^2-1)^{\operatorname{sen} x}$$